



Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy

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Contents Page	Page No
Policy statement	3
Definition of safeguarding issues and rights.....	4
Policy, purpose, application and terminology.....	5
Recruitment of staff.....	6
Staff responsibilities for safeguarding.....	7
Child protection and safeguarding issues.....	8
Causes for concern	10
Indicators of abuse	10
Responding to reports, disclosures and concerns	11
Confidential recording of suspicions, allegations /disclosures/concerns...	12
Reporting suspected, alleged or actual incidents of abuse.....	13
Statutory child protection procedures	13
Support services.....	14
Confidentiality and information sharing	14
Appendix One: Procedures and forms to be completed for cause for concern	15
Appendix Two: Procedures and forms to be completed for child protection/safeguarding issues.....	17
Appendix Three: Legislation and government guidance	19

1. Policy Statement

- 1.1.1 Embrace CVOC acknowledges the duty of care to safeguard and promote the welfare of children and young people and is committed to ensuring safeguarding practice reflects statutory responsibilities, government guidance and complies with best practice and Local Safeguarding Children Board's requirements (Appendix 3 refers to relevant legislation and government guidance).
- 1.1.2 The policy recognises that the welfare and interests of children and young people are paramount in all circumstances. It aims to ensure that regardless of age, gender, religion or beliefs, ethnicity, disability, sexual orientation or socio-economic background, all children and young people:
- ∞ have a positive and enjoyable experience of support at Embrace CVOC in a safe, child and young person centred environment
 - ∞ are protected from abuse whilst receiving support from Embrace CVOC in or outside of the activity.
3. Embrace CVOC acknowledges that some children and young people, including those with a disability or children and young people from ethnic minority communities, can be particularly vulnerable to abuse and we accept the responsibility to take reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure their welfare.
4. As part of our safeguarding policy Embrace CVOC will:
- ∞ promote and prioritise the safety and wellbeing of children and young people
 - ∞ ensure everyone understands their roles and responsibilities in respect of safeguarding and is provided with appropriate learning opportunities to recognise, identify and respond to signs of abuse, neglect and other safeguarding concerns relating to children and young people
 - ∞ ensure appropriate action is taken in the event of incidents/concerns of abuse and support provided to the individual/s who raise or disclose the concern
 - ∞ ensure that confidential, detailed and accurate records of all safeguarding concerns are maintained and securely stored
 - ∞ prevent the employment/deployment of unsuitable individuals
 - ∞ ensure robust safeguarding arrangements and procedures are in operation.

5. The policy and procedures will be widely promoted and are mandatory for all Embrace CVOC staff members. Failure to comply with the policy and procedures will be addressed without delay and may ultimately result in dismissal/exclusion from the organisation.

1.2 Monitoring

- 1.2.1 The policy will be reviewed a year after development and then every three years, or in the following circumstances:
 - ∞ changes in legislation and/or government guidance
 - ∞ as required by Local Safeguarding Children Board's and other appropriate bodies
 - ∞ as a result of any other significant change or event.

2. Definition of Safeguarding issues & Rights

1. Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people is defined for the purposes of this guidance as:
 - ∞ protecting children and young people from maltreatment;
 - ∞ preventing impairment of children's and young people's health or development;
 - ∞ ensuring that children and young people grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care; and
 - ∞ taking action to enable all children and young people to have the best outcomes.

Working Together to Safeguard Children March 2013

2. These aspects of safeguarding and promoting welfare are cumulative and contribute to the five Every Child Matters outcomes that are key to children and young people's well-being, namely: Stay safe; Be healthy; Enjoy and achieve; Make a positive contribution and to Achieve economic well-being.

2. Children and Young People's Rights

- 2.1. All children and young people have the right to be protected, and should be listened to and have their views taken seriously. In addition they have:
 - ∞ The right to have their needs met and safeguarded
 - ∞ The right to be protected from discrimination
 - ∞ The right to be protected from neglect, abuse and exploitation

- ∞ The need for social contact and relationships
- ∞ The need for physical care and attention
- ∞ The need for emotional love and security
- ∞ The need for intellectual stimulation
- ∞ The right to be treated as an individual.

3. Policy purpose, application, terminology and staff recruitment

3.1 Policy Purpose

3.1.1 The purpose of this policy is to:

- ∞ Provide a framework for the protection and duty of care to safeguard and promote the welfare of children and young people with whom Embrace CVOC engages.
- ∞ Provide all staff with guidance on how they must implement this policy if they have a concern.
- ∞ Guide on how to respond to and report concerns.

2. Policy application

3.2.1 Embrace CVOC recognises that safeguarding is everyone's responsibility and expects all staff, including trustees, employed staff members, volunteers, or contract staff working on behalf of Embrace CVOC to be fully committed to promoting and implementing the policy.

2. For the purpose of this policy where Embrace CVOC 'staff' are referred to within, this will be held to include those listed above or any variant working on behalf of Embrace CVOC.
3. Embrace CVOC operates an organisation wide Safeguarding Children and Young Person's procedure.
4. Specific responsibilities for safeguarding will be clearly defined in job descriptions and person specifications.

3.3 Terminology

3.3.1 Child or young person

- ∞ This is an individual below their 18th Birthday (The Children Act 1989, 2004)

3.3.2 For the purposes of this policy 'concerns' may include abuse and bullying

- ∞ Abuse is any behaviour towards a child or young person which has a serious and negative effect on their emotions, behaviour, or development or which physically harms them. It has four main forms:
- ∞ Physical abuse
- ∞ Sexual abuse
- ∞ Emotional abuse
- ∞ Neglect
- ∞ Abuse may manifest itself through self harm (though this is not the only cause of self harm) and is not limited to harm done by another party.

'Bullying' has also been included in this policy as Embrace CVOC recognises there are times when bullying can reach the threshold where children and young people are being abused or at risk of being abused.

(For a fuller discussion on Abuse and Bullying, please see section 5 below).

3.3.3 For the purposes of this policy 'concerns' may also include welfare.

Note: concerns about the general welfare may arise and may include but are not limited to:

- ∞ a specific incident
- ∞ a pattern or behaviour
- ∞ a deteriorating set of symptoms.

3.4. Recruiting and supporting staff

3.4.1 Embrace CVOC is committed to applying a robust recruitment and selection process and recruiting individuals who share our values and approach to safeguarding. Embrace CVOC's Recruitment and Selection Policy and Procedure refers.

3.4.2 In positions where a Disclosure and Barring Service check has been deemed to be required, these must be repeated at regular intervals of no more than three years throughout the period of employment.

3.4.3 All new staff should:

- ∞ Complete an induction process to familiarise themselves with the organisation's policies and procedures and the responsibilities of the post, including safeguarding
- ∞ Have access to opportunities to learn about safeguarding at a level commensurate with their role and responsibilities. Where further learning is deemed appropriate to their role, staff will seek to facilitate the provision of a recognised safeguarding training provision as soon as possible and no later than six months after taking up their post.
- ∞ Complete a probationary/trial period for new staff(usually 6 months)
- ∞ At regular intervals all new and existing staff should be given the opportunity to receive and provide feedback relating to their role.

4. Staff responsibilities for safeguarding

- 4.1.1 It is the duty of everyone to report suspicion, allegation or disclosure of child protection or safeguarding issues.
- 4.1.2 The overall responsibility for safeguarding rests with the Board of Trustees who will ensure the procedures for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people comply with current good practice as set out in Working Together 2013.

3. Embrace CVOC takes safeguarding seriously and as such the **Chief Executive** * is the Lead Safeguarding Officer who will be responsible for managing the response to safeguarding concerns and implementing the safeguarding policy.

(Current post holder is Anne Campbell, who is based at Rooster Barn, Holywell, St Ives, Cambridgeshire, PE28 4TQ. Email: anne@embracecvoc.org.uk; tel: 07932 255230)*

4. Embrace CVOC staff have no powers to investigate child protection or safeguarding concerns, and it is not the responsibility of Embrace CVOC to decide whether or not child protection or safeguarding concerns have taken place. It is however the responsibility of staff at Embrace CVOC to act if there is cause for concern, in order that the appropriate agencies can investigate and take any action necessary to protect a child or young person.
5. Embrace CVOC is responsible for regulating the conduct of individuals delivering its projects and will ensure that all concerns, allegations or suspicions of safeguarding issues in relation to any child or young person are swiftly reported as outlined in section 10.
6. In the event of an allegation against an Embrace CVOC staff member, Embrace CVOC will take action to ensure that children and young people are protected. Section 8.2 refers more fully.
- 4.1.7 Embrace CVOC believes e-safety is essential for creating a safe environment when using Information and Communication Technology (ICT) and it is

associated with the use of the internet, involving adults as well as children and young people. Appendix 4 provides guidance for photography and the use of imagery on Embrace CVOC's website. (Embrace CVOC Social Media Policy also refers)

4.2.1 The Lead Safeguarding Officer* (LSO) is responsible for:

- ∞ The development and monitoring of an implementation plan that sets out how Embrace CVOC will work towards meeting the requirements of the policy.
- ∞ Regulating the conduct of individuals delivering its projects and will ensure that all concerns, allegations or suspicions of abuse in relation to any child or young person are swiftly reported to the Children and Young People's Services – Social Care and/or the Police and all relevant information is shared to support these organisations to fulfil their Safeguarding roles.
- ∞ In the event of an allegation against an Embrace CVOC member of staff, will take action to ensure that children and young people are protected and, where appropriate, will support the prosecution of individuals accused of abuse.
- ∞ The operation of robust safe recruitment and selection processes and will include a requirement for all existing and new staff and members who are working with children and young people to complete an enhanced Disclosure and Barring Service check.
- ∞ Providing support to staff to comply with the requirements of the policy and procedures and will seek to facilitate the provision of accessible Safeguarding training and other learning opportunities.

4.3. Designated Safeguarding Officer* (DSO) is responsible for:

4.3.1 DSO`s are the main point of contact for staff members with safeguarding concerns, they will take ownership of recording where appropriate, although they may delegate this back to the staff member if they are competent to manage the report themselves. ***(The charity's DSO is the person in the role of Service Delivery Manager. Current post holder is Jenny Raine, who is based at 1 Rouse Close, Castle Fields, Stafford, ST16 3AZ. Email: jenny@embracecvoc.org.uk; tel 0845 60 999 60)***

4.3.2 Specifically the DSO`s are responsible for:

- ∞ Providing advice and support to staff on issues in relation to safeguarding children and young people
- ∞ Assisting staff member's decision making
- ∞ Ensuring all concerns are recorded via safeguarding reporting forms within 24 hours of the concern arising
- ∞ Signing off reporting forms

- ∞ Keeping up to date with relevant law, guidance and case examples.

5. Child Protection and safeguarding issues - Recognising Abuse

5.1.1 Children and young people can be abused either through someone inflicting harm, or failing to act to prevent harm. Abuse can be carried out by someone known to the child or young person or (more rarely) by a complete stranger, and by men, women or other young people. It is not always easy to recognise abuse, especially as many of the indicators can have other reasonable explanations.

5.1.2 Abuse in all of its forms can affect a child or young person at any age and its impact can be so damaging that, if not treated, it may follow the individual into adulthood. It is important that everyone understands what constitutes abuse, indicators of abuse, what to do, and where to seek advice if abuse is suspected or alleged.

5.1.3 Working Together to Safeguard Children 2013 provides the following definitions of abuse:

5.1.4 **Emotional** - the persistent emotional ill-treatment of a child or young person such as to cause severe and persistent adverse effects on the child's or young person's emotional and behavioural development.

Examples of emotional abuse may include:

- ∞ continually diminishing a child's or young person's efforts;
- ∞ placing intolerable pressure on a child or young person to excel;
- ∞ imposing developmentally inappropriate expectations on a child or young person.

5.1.5 **Neglect** - the persistent or severe neglect of a child or young person, or the failure to protect a child or young person from exposure to any kind of danger, including cold, starvation or extreme failure to carry out important aspects of care, resulting in the significant impairment of the child's or young person's health or development, including non-organic failure to thrive.

Neglect may occur in our environment if the responsible adult failed to adequately look after children and young people in their care, for example by consistently failing to ensure the use of appropriate protective equipment during activity events or clothing suitable to adverse weather conditions during days out.

5.1.6 **Physical** - this includes hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning, suffocating, or otherwise causing physical harm to a child or young person. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates or induces illness in a child or young person whom they are looking after.

Physical abuse could include:

- ∞ forcing a child or young person into an activity which causes them pain;
- ∞ hitting or slapping a child or young person as a form of punishment;

7. **Sexual** - forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, whether or not the child or young person is aware of what is happening, including:

- ∞ physical contact, including penetrative or non penetrative acts;
- ∞ non-contact activities, such as involving children or young people in looking at, or in the production of, pornographic material or watching sexual activities;
- ∞ encouraging children or young people to behave in sexually inappropriate ways; or sexual exploitation such as prostitution

8. **Bullying** - Bullying may be perpetrated by another young person or group of people, or by an adult. Bullying is defined as deliberate hurtful behaviour, usually repeated over a period of time, where it is difficult for those being bullied to defend themselves. Bullying can be split into the following categories:

- ∞ Emotional - being unfriendly, excluding, tormenting (e.g. hiding belongings, threatening gestures)
- ∞ Physical - pushing, kicking, hitting, punching or any use of violence
- ∞ Racist - racial taunts, graffiti, gestures
- ∞ Sexual - unwanted physical contact or sexually abusive comments
- ∞ Homophobic - because of, or focusing on the issue of sexuality
- ∞ Verbal - name-calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing
- ∞ Cyber - all areas of internet, such as email & internet chat room misuse, mobile threats by text messaging & calls. Misuse of associated technology, e.g. camera & video facilities

6. Cause for Concern

1. There may be situations where a member of staff is concerned about the welfare of a child or young person, but does not warrant a Child Protection/Safeguarding report. In these instances the member of staff should always seek guidance from a DSO or LSO. A 'Cause for Concern' report may be completed and sent to the relevant DSO (please see `Appendix 1 for the proforma for such a report, and the procedure to follow when completing and sending it).

6.1.2 It is important that the member of staff who is in contact with the child or young person continues to monitor the situation, as further disclosures may occur, or a situation may escalate, such that a Child Protection/Safeguarding report must be made and the relevant authority informed.

7. Indicators of Abuse

7.1.1 Even for those experienced in working with child abuse, it is not always easy to recognise a situation where abuse may occur or has already taken place. Most people are not experts in such recognition, but indications that a child or young person is being abused may include one or more of the following:

- ∞ unexplained or suspicious injuries such as bruising, cuts or burns, particularly if situated on a part of the body not normally prone to such injuries;
- ∞ an injury for which an explanation seems inconsistent;
- ∞ the child or young person describes what appears to be an abusive act involving them;
- ∞ another child or adult expresses concern about the welfare of a child or young person;
- ∞ unexplained changes in a child's or young person's behaviour, e.g. becoming very upset, quiet, withdrawn or displaying sudden outbursts of temper;
- ∞ inappropriate sexual awareness;
- ∞ engaging in sexually explicit behaviour;
- ∞ distrust of adults, particularly those whom a close relationship would normally be expected;
- ∞ difficulty in making friends;
- ∞ being prevented from socialising with others;
- ∞ displaying variations in eating patterns including over eating or loss of appetite;
- ∞ losing weight for no apparent reason;
- ∞ becoming increasingly dirty or unkempt.

2. The above list is not exhaustive and the presence of one or more of the indicators should not be accepted as proof that abuse is taking place. It is **not** the responsibility of Embrace CVOC to decide that child abuse is occurring. However it is **everyone's** responsibility to be vigilant and act on any concerns.

8. Responding to Reports, Disclosures and Concerns

8.1.1 Safeguarding concerns can arise in many different situations and contexts.

- ∞ A direct disclosure from a child or young person concerning a child protection or safeguarding issue
- ∞ A child or young person may show signs of physical injury or neglect from which there appears to be no satisfactory explanation
- ∞ Observed concerns/changes in a child's or young person's behaviour, appearance or relationships, or other possible indicators of abuse
- ∞ A report from a third party (e.g. another young person or adult within the charity) or via an external organisation
- ∞ A member of staff's behaviour or the way in which he/she relates to a child or young person causes concern.

8.1.2 What to do upon suspicion or disclosure

There are some basic principles in reacting to suspicions, allegations, and/or disclosures.

What to do	What not to do
<p>Stay calm</p> <p>Listen, hear and believe</p> <p>Remind the child or young person that you may have to break confidentiality</p> <p>Give space to the person to say what they want.</p> <p>Reassure and explain that they have done the right thing in telling. Explain that only those that need to know will be told.</p> <p>Act immediately in accordance with this procedure and policy.</p> <p>As soon as possible record in writing, as near verbatim as possible, what was said. Give facts only, not opinions.</p> <p>Report the suspicion, allegation or disclosure to relevant DSO; if he/she is not available to the LSO - Chief Executive. (if non are available report to Children and Young People Services – Social Care. When this is out of normal office hours contact the emergency duty team of Social Care.</p>	<p>Don't panic. Don't over react.</p> <p>Don't probe for more information. Questioning the participant may affect how the disclosure is received at a later date.</p> <p>Don't make assumptions</p> <p>Don't promise confidentiality, and don't promise that everything will be OK – it might not.</p> <p>Don't make comments or explanations about the perpetrator.</p> <p>Don't make the child or young person repeat the story unnecessarily.</p>

8.1.3 What to do if it is not safe for a child or young person to return home.

A member of staff could hear a disclosure which gives them immediate concern for a child's or young person's safety, such that it is not deemed safe for the child or young person to return home. The member of staff should then immediately phone the relevant Children and Young People's Services - Social Care to inform them of our concerns.

8.1.4 In these circumstances, the member of staff may need to ask a child or young person to remain where they are, and in turn inform the parent/carer if they are available, unless this is inconsistent with the need to ensure the child's or young person's safety, but advice should be sought from Children and Young People's Services - Social Care as to what information should be provided to parents, by whom and when.

5. Embrace CVOC will then act in accordance with the advice received from Children and Young People's Services - Social Care. The details and outcome of any such situation and measure taken should then be fully documented.

8.2 Responding to allegations relating to an Embrace CVOC staff member

1. Concerns that relate to Embrace CVOC staff will be taken very seriously. Where there is a suspicion of a safeguarding issue by someone within the organisation, in addition to the above procedures, the individual may, in consultation with the statutory agencies, (ie; contact the Local Authority Designated Officer LADO) be placed under suspension pending the outcome of Children and Young People's Services - Social Care and/or Police enquiries.
2. In these cases, there may be three types of investigation:
 - ∞ Criminal - conducted by the police;
 - ∞ Child protection - carried out under section 47 (1) of the Children Act 1989 by social services and police; and
 - ∞ Disciplinary - conducted by the organisation on conclusion of statutory agency investigations.
3. Embrace CVOC will:
 - ∞ provide appropriate support to children and young people and parents who are affected by a safeguarding situation including, where appropriate, the alleged perpetrator
 - ∞ work closely with Children and Young People's Services - Social Care and police and attend strategy meetings as required
 - ∞ where appropriate, support the prosecution of individuals accused of safeguarding incidents
 - ∞ follow up any external investigation with an internal action if required.Irrespective of the findings of a Police/ Children and Young People's Services - Social Care investigation, Embrace CVOC will conduct an investigation to determine what, if any action is required to ensure children and young people are safeguarded within the organisation's projects. Where disciplinary action is deemed appropriate, the civil standard of proof of the 'balance of probability' will be applied. Thus, the decision will rest on whether it is more likely than not that the allegation is true

- ∞ consider whether the subject has access to children or young people elsewhere and if so who needs to be informed
- ∞ refer to the DBS anyone who has been excluded from the organisation (or would or might have been excluded if the individual had not otherwise ceased involvement in the organisation) on the grounds that they harmed a child or young person, caused a child or young person to be harmed, put a child or young person at risk of harm, attempted to harm a child or young person or incited another to harm a child or young person
- ∞ review the case and ensure any preventive measures within the organisation are addressed

9. Recording of suspicions/allegations/disclosures/concerns

9.1.1 When information is passed onto the DSO, no matter what the outcome, all details must be recorded. (Please see `Appendix 1-2` for a format for the report and the procedure for producing the report electronically).

9.1.2 The report should contain the following information:

- ∞ Your name, and contact details
- ∞ As many details about the child or young person as possible; name, date of birth, address, home telephone number, school
- ∞ What the concerns are, e.g. the suspicions, allegations, what has been said giving details of times and dates and the child's or young person's emotional state, or what the child or young person has said in response to the suspicions/concerns, making a clear distinction between what is fact, opinion or hearsay what has been done so far.

9.1.3 If after consultation with the relevant DSO it is decided not to refer to a relevant statutory agency, a full explanation as to why must be documented.

9.1.4 Recording should be factual, that is, no reference made to your subjective opinions.

9.1.5 Embrace CVOC will hold a Child Protection/Safeguarding Log. This will contain all the reports made which document a child protection or safeguarding concern. These logs will be kept completely confidential and secure, and only shared with those that need to know about the suspicion or incident.

10. Reporting suspected, alleged or actual incidents of abuse

10.1.1 It may sometimes be difficult to accept something that has been disclosed in confidence by a child or young person or indeed anybody else. But the welfare of the child and young person must be paramount, and staff therefore have a duty to report suspicions, allegation or actual incidents to the relevant person.

10.1.2 Information should be reported if a member of staff has concerns that a child or young person may be suffering harm or is at risk, or they are unsure about their suspicions.

10.1.3 Once the report has been made, where appropriate the member of staff receiving the disclosure will (supported by the Designated Safeguarding Officer) consult with the relevant statutory agency.

4. Where possible a referral to the Children and Young People's Services - Social Care or Police should be confirmed in writing within 24 hours and the contact who took the referral should be recorded.

10.1.5 The relevant statutory agency will then give instruction as to what to do next and will take responsibility for any further action.

11. Statutory Child Protection Procedures

11.1.1 Once information is received by Children and Young People Services – Social Care they will take over the process of investigation.

11.1.2 A Child Protection Conference or similar process may then be called. Wherever possible it is anticipated that the member of staff involved in the disclosure would attend this meeting, or in their absence the relevant Designated Safeguarding Officer.

12. Support Services

12.1.1 Any child protection or safeguarding issue is potentially difficult and stressful for any Embrace CVOC member of staff to handle. Appropriate support is essential, and may come from a variety of sources for example: supervisor, manager/coordinator, other member of staff.

12.1.2 Both the victim of any child protection or safeguarding issue and anyone who is investigated for allegations of safeguarding concerns may benefit from information about support services. It is also useful to provide this information for anyone else who has been affected by a child protection or safeguarding incident, including family members.

13. Confidentiality and information sharing

13.1.1 When accessing support, staff should be careful to relate details of the issue,

only in so far as they affect themselves, rather than disclosing confidential information concerning the child or young person unnecessarily.

- 13.1.2 Sharing information is a critical element of safeguarding and protecting children and young people. Consent should normally be sought from the subject/s of the information in order for it to be shared, but, in the interests of child protection, it may be necessary for information to be shared with relevant staff within Embrace CVOC, Children and Young People's Services - Social Care, and the Police without consent if there is reason to believe that seeking consent could place a child or young person at risk of significant harm.
- 13.1.3 Embrace CVOC will only share confidential information without consent where there is a reasonable belief that failure to disclose would place the child or others at increased risk of significant harm and/or would undermine the prevention, detection or prosecution of a serious crime.
- 13.1.4 All staff are expected to ensure that information relating to a child protection or safeguarding concern is passed to the appropriate person within the organisation to enable appropriate action to be taken. It is essential that only those who need to know are informed.
- 5. The decision to share will be taken by the Chief Executive of Embrace CVOC. Confidential information will only be passed to agencies that require access for safeguarding purposes on a 'need to know' basis. A record will be maintained of the reason for the disclosure, to whom it was shared and the details that were provided.

13.2 **Holding personal information**

- 13.2.1 Embrace CVOC complies with the eight principles of the Data Protection Act, and ensures that all information held on children and young people is held only as long as they use our services, and is securely disposed of after that time.

APPENDIX 1

Reporting Form and Process

Procedure for completion of cause for concern report

- ∞ Having informed the DSO/LSO of the Cause for Concern the member of staff should complete a report (see below)
- ∞ The form is available electronically to all Embrace CVOC staff, and so should be completed on a computer and emailed to the relevant DSO.
- ∞ In order to protect the child's or young person's confidentiality the member of staff should delete the report from the computer where the file was saved, the recycle bin, the sent box trash folder within the email software, immediately after emailing it.
- ∞ The DSO will print and save a hard copy of the report.
- ∞ Any additional or further notes the member of staff needs to make after the initial report has been sent should be typed, emailed to the DSO and again deleted. If a referral code is applicable, it should be used to identify the child or young person. The DSO will print the additional material and attach it to the original report.
- ∞ If the member of staff is a volunteer, they should be supported in the process of completing and sending a report to the DSO.

- ∞ Once the child or young person's contact with Embrace CVOC has ended, their file should be retained by Embrace CVOC, with hard copies of all reports included with the file. The file will be stored confidentially.

Embrace CVOC

CAUSE FOR CONCERN REPORT

STAFF MEMBERS NAME	
STAFF MEMBERS CONTACT DETAILS	
CHILD/YOUNG PERSONS NAME AND CODE	
CHILD/YOUNG PERSONS ADDRESS	
CHILDS/YOUNG PERSONS DATE OF BIRTH	
CHILDS/YOUNG PERSONS SCHOOL/ COLLEGE (if applicable)	

PRECISE NATURE OF CONCERN AS STATED BY THE CHILD/YOUNG PERSON (the information given here should be factual, not opinions or heresay):
--

ACTION TAKEN BY STAFF MEMBER WITH DATES:
--

ACTION TAKEN BY EMBRACE CVOC (IF ANY) WITH DATES:

OUTCOME:

SIGNED	
DATE	

APPENDIX 2

Reporting Form and Process

Procedure for completion of Child Protection/Safeguarding report

- ∞ Having informed the DSO/LSO of the Child Protection/Safeguarding issue the member of staff should complete a report (see below)
- ∞ The form is available electronically to all Embrace CVOC staff, and so should be completed on a computer and emailed to the relevant DSO.

- ∞ In order to protect child's or young person's confidentiality the member of staff should delete the report from the computer where the file was saved, the recycle bin, the sent box trash folder within the email software, immediately after emailing it.
- ∞ The DSO will print and save a hard copy of the report.
- ∞ Any additional or further notes the member of staff needs to make after the initial report has been sent should be typed, emailed to the DSO and again deleted. If a referral code is applicable, it should be used to identify the child or young person. The DSO will print the additional material and attach it to the original report.
- ∞ If the member of staff is a volunteer, they should be supported in the process of completing and sending a report to the DSO.
- ∞ Once the child or young person's contact with Embrace CVOC has ended, their file should be retained by Embrace CVOC, with hard copies of all reports included with the file. The file will be stored confidentially.

Embrace CVOC

CHILD PROTECTION/SAFEGUARDING REPORT

STAFF MEMBERS NAME	
STAFF MEMBERS CONTACT DETAILS	
CHILD/YOUNG PERSONS NAME AND CODE	

CHILD/YOUNG PERSONS ADDRESS	
CHILD/YOUNG PERSONS DATE OF BIRTH	
CHILD/YOUNG PERSONS SCHOOL/ COLLEGE (if applicable)	

PRECISE NATURE OF CONCERN AS STATED BY CHILD/YOUNG PERSON (the information given here should be factual, not opinions or heresay):

ACTION TAKEN BY STAFF MEMBER WITH DATES:

RESPONSE FROM AGENCY (INCLUDING WHAT ACTION WILL BE TAKEN BY AGENCY AND NAME OF PERSON SPOKEN TO:

ACTION TAKEN BY EMBRACE CVOC WITH DATES;

OUTCOME:

SIGNED	
DATE	

APPENDIX 3

Legislation and government guidance

The following are the key pieces of legislation and Government guidance that are most relevant to the policy and procedures:

- Children Act 1989
- Human Rights Act 1998
- Data Protection Act 1998
- Sexual Offences Act 2003
- Children Act 2004
- Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006
- Safeguarding Children: Working Together under the Children Act 2004
- All Wales Child Protection Procedures 2008

APPENDIX 4

Photography and use of imagery

Embrace CVOC believes it is important that parents/carers are able to celebrate the positive experiences we can provide to their children through photographs/film. We also recognise that promoting images of our activities will help increase our reach. However, we do acknowledge that there are risks to children and young people associated with the use of photographs on websites and in other publications.

Photographs can be used as a means of identifying children and young people when they are accompanied with personal information. This information can make a child or young person vulnerable to an individual who may wish to “groom” the child or young person for abuse. In addition, the content of the photo can be used or adapted for inappropriate use. There is evidence of this adapted material finding its way onto sites showing child abuse images.

Embrace CVOC recognises the importance of putting in place appropriate and proportionate safeguards to ensure a safe environment for children and young people and allow children and young people (and their parents/carers on their behalf) the right to decide whether their photograph is taken, and how the images may be used.

The following guidance should be applied when seeking to publish images:

- ∞ Prior to taking photographs or filming a child or young person, the child or young person (or their parent/carer) should be informed of the purpose and where the images will be published e.g. in print or on a website;
- ∞ The child or young person (or their parent/carer) should be asked to provide their written consent for their images to be taken and published;
- ∞ Images of children and young people should not be accompanied by identifying personal details. This includes first name and surname, address etc. This reduces the risk of inappropriate, unsolicited attention from people within and outside the sport. If it is important to name a child or young person, their image should not be used;
- ∞ If there is any doubt at all, the face of any particular child or young person will be pixelated.

Embrace CVOC should be informed of any inappropriate use of imagery on websites or any other form of media, which is not in keeping with this guidance.